

EE 201 CIRCUIT THEORY I

Instructors

Section 1: T. EnginTuncer (Office: E-109) office hour: Friday 9:30-10:30

Section 2: İsmet Erkmen (Office: D-124) office hour: Friday 9:30-10:30

Reference Texts

1. Fundamentals of Electric Circuits, C. K. Alexander and M. N. O. Sadiku, McGraw-Hill Book Company.
2. Electric Circuits, J. W. Nilsson and S. A. Riedel, Pearson Prentice Hall.
3. Linear and Nonlinear Circuits. L O Chua, C. A. Desoer, E. S Kuh, McGraw-Hill Book Company.

Grading: Midterm 1 25%, Midterm 2 30%, Final 40%, Attendance 5%

Requirement for Final Exam: Each student should take “all” the midterm examinations and the midterm average should be 20 or more. Attendance to course should be above %30. Those who do not satisfy these criteria will be graded as NA.

Course Outline

I. Basic Concepts (8 Hrs.)

1. Introduction

Electric components/devices and electric circuits; circuit variables, units. Analysis and design. Modeling, model elements and model circuits.

2. Lumped Elements and Lumped Circuits

Current, Kirchhoffs Current Law (KCL), current equations Voltage, Kirchhoffs Voltage Law (KVL), voltage equations. Terminal equations, schematic representations, branch representation. Composite elements. Branch voltage and branch current. Power and energy. One-port and multi-port circuits

3. Interconnection Equations, Circuit Graphs, Circuit Matrices.

Independent current and independent voltage equations. Tellegen's Theorem. Duality.

4. Basic Lumped Elements and Waveforms.

Independent voltage and independent current sources. Linear/nonlinear and time-invariant/time-varying relations. Resistors, capacitors, inductors. Source transformations. Voltage or current dependent voltage and current sources. Ideal transformers, coupled inductors. Classification of elements: resistive/dynamic, linear/nonlinear, time-invariant/time-varying, passive/active elements. Dual elements and dual circuits.

5. Circuit Analysis

Classification of circuits: resistive/dynamic, linear/nonlinear, time-invariant/time-varying, passive/active circuits. Circuit equations with input and outputs, circuit variables. Solution of circuit equations. Substitution Theorem .

II. Linear Time-Invariant Resistive Circuits (12 Hrs.)

1. Linear Time-Invariant (LTI) Resistive Elements

LTI resistors; series and parallel connections; delta-wye transformation. LTI dependent sources
Ideal transformers.

2. Analysis Methods

Node, modified node and mesh analysis methods. Linearity and time-invariance; superposition.

3. One-Port Circuits

Input resistances of LTI one-ports. Thevenin/Norton equivalent circuits. Maximum power transfer

4. Two-Port Circuits

Resistance, conductance, hybrid and chain parameters. Reciprocity.

III. Time-Varying and Nonlinear Resistive Circuits (4 Hrs.)

1. Linear Time-Varying Resistive Elements and Circuits

2. Nonlinear Resistive Elements and Circuits

Analysis of resistive circuits with a single nonlinear resistor; load line. Small-signal analysis.

3. Piecewise-Linear Resistive Circuits

Analysis and design of one-ports composed of ideal diodes, sources and LTI passive resistors.

IV. Operational Amplifier Circuits (6 Hrs.)

1. Operational Amplifiers

Finite-gain/infinite-gain ideal operational amplifier (op-amp) models.

2. Basic Op-Amp Circuits

Buffer circuit; inverting and noninverting amplifiers. Feedback, stability. Summing and difference amplifiers.

3. More Realistic Op-Amp Models

Input and output resistances; common-mode-rejection-ratio.

4. Miscellaneous Resistive Op-Amp Circuits

Circuits with one or more op-amps, with or without nonlinear resistors.

V. Dynamic Elements (6 Hrs.)

1. Ramp, Step and Impulse Functions

2. Capacitors

LTI capacitors; initial condition models; series and parallel connections; delta-wye transformation. Simple circuits composed of LTI passive capacitors, independent sources and/or switches. Time-varying and nonlinear capacitors.

3. Inductors

VI. First Order Circuits (12 Hrs.)

1. First Order Linear Differential Equations with Constant Coefficients

Homogeneous solution; exponential function, bounded/unbounded solutions. Particular solution. Complete solution. Zero-input and zero-state solutions. Linearity and time-invariance of solutions. Convolution integral.

2. Simple LTI RC Circuit

Natural response; natural frequency, bounded/unbounded responses. Forced response; responses to constant and sinusoidal excitations. Transient and steady-state responses. Step, pulse, ramp, and impulse responses.

3. Simple LTI RL Circuit

4. Analysis of Miscellaneous LTI First Order Circuits

Circuits with one or more dynamic elements with or without switches.

5. Piecewise-Linear First Order Circuits

6. Time-Varying and Nonlinear First Order Circuits

VII. Simple Second Order Circuits (6 Hrs.)

1. Second Order Linear Differential Equations with Constant Coefficients Homogeneous solution;

Bounded/unbounded solutions; Overdamped, critically damped, underdamped and lossless cases.

Particular solution. Complete solution. Zero-input and zero-state solutions. Linearity and time-invariance of solutions. Convolution integral.

2. Parallel LTI RLC Circuit

Second order differential equation formulation. Natural response; natural frequencies, bounded/unbounded responses. Forced response; responses to constant and sinusoidal excitations, Transient and steady-state responses. Step and impulse responses.

3. Series LTI RLC Circuit

4. Miscellaneous Simple Second Order Circuits